



1000 Bishops Gate Blvd. Ste 300  
Mt. Laurel, NJ 08054-5404

t1.800.444.4554 Opt.2  
f1.800.777.3929

August 29, 2016

Mr. Paul Soglin, Mayor  
Madison FPSA  
314 W. Dayton St  
Madison, Wisconsin, 53703

RE: Madison Fpsa, Dane County, Wisconsin  
Public Protection Classification: 01/1X  
Effective Date: December 01, 2016

Dear Mr. Paul Soglin,

We wish to thank you Chief Steven Davis, Mr. Thomas Heikkinmen, Mr. Alan Larson and Mr. John Mitmoen for your cooperation during our recent Public Protection Classification (PPC) survey. ISO has completed its analysis of the structural fire suppression delivery system provided in your community. The resulting classification is indicated above.

If you would like to know more about your community's PPC classification, or if you would like to learn about the potential effect of proposed changes to your fire suppression delivery system, please call us at the phone number listed below.

ISO's Public Protection Classification Program (PPC) plays an important role in the underwriting process at insurance companies. In fact, most U.S. insurers – including the largest ones – use PPC information as part of their decision-making when deciding what business to write, coverage's to offer or prices to charge for personal or commercial property insurance.

Each insurance company independently determines the premiums it charges its policyholders. The way an insurer uses ISO's information on public fire protection may depend on several things – the company's fire-loss experience, ratemaking methodology, underwriting guidelines, and its marketing strategy.

Through ongoing research and loss experience analysis, we identified additional differentiation in fire loss experience within our PPC program, which resulted in the revised classifications. We based the differing fire loss experience on the fire suppression capabilities of each community. The new classifications will improve the predictive value for insurers while benefiting both commercial and residential property owners. We've published the new classifications as "X" and "Y" – formerly the "9" and "8B" portion of the split classification, respectively. For example:

- A community currently graded as a split 6/9 classification will now be a split 6/6X classification; with the "6X" denoting what was formerly classified as "9."
- Similarly, a community currently graded as a split 6/8B classification will now be a split 6/6Y classification, the "6Y" denoting what was formerly classified as "8B."

- Communities graded with single “9” or “8B” classifications will remain intact.
- Properties over 5 road miles from a recognized fire station would receive a class 10.

PPC is important to communities and fire departments as well. Communities whose PPC improves may get lower insurance prices. PPC also provides fire departments with a valuable benchmark, and is used by many departments as a valuable tool when planning, budgeting and justifying fire protection improvements.

ISO appreciates the high level of cooperation extended by local officials during the entire PPC survey process. The community protection baseline information gathered by ISO is an essential foundation upon which determination of the relative level of fire protection is made using the Fire Suppression Rating Schedule.

The classification is a direct result of the information gathered, and is dependent on the resource levels devoted to fire protection in existence at the time of survey. Material changes in those resources that occur after the survey is completed may affect the classification. Although ISO maintains a pro-active process to keep baseline information as current as possible, in the event of changes please call us at 1-800-444-4554, option 2 to expedite the update activity.

ISO is the leading supplier of data and analytics for the property/casualty insurance industry. Most insurers use PPC classifications for underwriting and calculating premiums for residential, commercial and industrial properties. The PPC program is not intended to analyze all aspects of a comprehensive structural fire suppression delivery system program. It is not for purposes of determining compliance with any state or local law, nor is it for making loss prevention or life safety recommendations.

If you have any questions about your classification, please let us know.

Sincerely,

*Dominic Santanna*

Dominic Santanna  
Manager -National Processing Center

cc: Mr. Mike Wolf, Administrator  
Mr. Karl Frantz, Administrator  
Chief Steven Davis, Chief, Madison Fire Department  
Mr. Kevin Fosso, Operations Manager, Dane County Comm Center  
Mr. Thomas Heikkinmen, Water Resources Director, Madison Water Department  
Mr. Alan Larson, Water Supervisor, Madison Water Department  
Mr. John Mitmoen, Water Superintendent, Shorewood Hills Water Department

**Public Protection Classification  
(PPC™)  
Summary Report**

**Madison FPSA**

**WISCONSIN**

**Prepared by**

**Insurance Services Office, Inc.  
1000 Bishops Gate Blvd., Ste. 300  
P.O. Box 5404  
Mt. Laurel, New Jersey 08054-5404  
1-800-444-4554**

**August 2016**

## Background Information

### Introduction

ISO collects and evaluates information from communities in the United States on their structure fire suppression capabilities. The data is analyzed using our Fire Suppression Rating Schedule (FSRS) and then a Public Protection Classification (PPC™) grade is assigned to the community. The surveys are conducted whenever it appears that there is a possibility of a PPC change. As such, the PPC program provides important, up-to-date information about fire protection services throughout the country.

The FSRS recognizes fire protection features only as they relate to suppression of first alarm structure fires. In many communities, fire suppression may be only a small part of the fire department's overall responsibility. ISO recognizes the dynamic and comprehensive duties of a community's fire service, and understands the complex decisions a community must make in planning and delivering emergency services. However, in developing a community's PPC grade, only features related to reducing property losses from structural fires are evaluated. Multiple alarms, simultaneous incidents and life safety are not considered in this evaluation. The PPC program evaluates the fire protection for small to average size buildings. Specific properties with a Needed Fire Flow in excess of 3,500 gpm are evaluated separately and assigned an individual PPC grade.

A community's investment in fire mitigation is a proven and reliable predictor of future fire losses. Statistical data on insurance losses bears out the relationship between excellent fire protection – as measured by the PPC program – and low fire losses. So, insurance companies use PPC information for marketing, underwriting, and to help establish fair premiums for homeowners and commercial fire insurance. In general, the price of fire insurance in a community with a good PPC grade is substantially lower than in a community with a poor PPC grade, assuming all other factors are equal.

ISO is an independent company that serves insurance companies, communities, fire departments, insurance regulators, and others by providing information about risk. ISO's expert staff collects information about municipal fire suppression efforts in communities throughout the United States. In each of those communities, ISO analyzes the relevant data and assigns a PPC grade – a number from 1 to 10. Class 1 represents an exemplary fire suppression program, and Class 10 indicates that the area's fire suppression program does not meet ISO's minimum criteria.

ISO's PPC program evaluates communities according to a uniform set of criteria, incorporating nationally recognized standards developed by the National Fire Protection Association and the American Water Works Association. A community's PPC grade depends on:

- **Needed Fire Flows**, which are representative building locations used to determine the theoretical amount of water necessary for fire suppression purposes.
- **Emergency Communications**, including emergency reporting, telecommunicators, and dispatching systems.
- **Fire Department**, including equipment, staffing, training, geographic distribution of fire companies, operational considerations, and community risk reduction.
- **Water Supply**, including inspection and flow testing of hydrants, alternative water supply operations, and a careful evaluation of the amount of available water compared with the amount needed to suppress fires up to 3,500 gpm.

## Data Collection and Analysis

ISO has evaluated and classified over 48,000 fire protection areas across the United States using its FSRS. A combination of meetings between trained ISO field representatives and the dispatch center coordinator, community fire official, and water superintendent is used in conjunction with a comprehensive questionnaire to collect the data necessary to determine the PPC grade. In order for a community to obtain a grade better than a Class 9, three elements of fire suppression features are reviewed. These three elements are Emergency Communications, Fire Department, and Water Supply.

A review of the **Emergency Communications** accounts for 10% of the total classification. This section is weighted at **10 points**, as follows:

- Emergency Reporting 3 points
- Telecommunicators 4 points
- Dispatch Circuits 3 points

A review of the **Fire Department** accounts for 50% of the total classification. ISO focuses on a fire department's first alarm response and initial attack to minimize potential loss. The fire department section is weighted at **50 points**, as follows:

- Engine Companies 6 points
- Reserve Pumpers 0.5 points
- Pump Capacity 3 points
- Ladder/Service Companies 4 points
- Reserve Ladder/Service Trucks 0.5 points
- Deployment Analysis 10 points
- Company Personnel 15 points
- Training 9 points
- Operational considerations 2 points
- Community Risk Reduction 5.5 points (in addition to the 50 points above)

A review of the **Water Supply** system accounts for 40% of the total classification. ISO reviews the water supply a community uses to determine the adequacy for fire suppression purposes. The water supply system is weighted at **40 points**, as follows:

- Credit for Supply System 30 points
- Hydrant Size, Type & Installation 3 points
- Inspection & Flow Testing of Hydrants 7 points

There is one additional factor considered in calculating the final score – **Divergence**.

Even the best fire department will be less than fully effective if it has an inadequate water supply. Similarly, even a superior water supply will be less than fully effective if the fire department lacks the equipment or personnel to use the water. The FSRS score is subject to modification by a divergence factor, which recognizes disparity between the effectiveness of the fire department and the water supply.

The Divergence factor mathematically reduces the score based upon the relative difference between the fire department and water supply scores. The factor is introduced in the final equation.

## **PPC Grade**

The PPC grade assigned to the community will depend on the community's score on a 100-point scale:

<b>PPC</b>	<b>Points</b>
1	90.00 or more
2	80.00 to 89.99
3	70.00 to 79.99
4	60.00 to 69.99
5	50.00 to 59.99
6	40.00 to 49.99
7	30.00 to 39.99
8	20.00 to 29.99
9	10.00 to 19.99
10	0.00 to 9.99

The classification numbers are interpreted as follows:

- Class 1 through (and including) Class 8 represents a fire suppression system that includes an FSRS creditable dispatch center, fire department, and water supply.
- Class 8B is a special classification that recognizes a superior level of fire protection in otherwise Class 9 areas. It is designed to represent a fire protection delivery system that is superior except for a lack of a water supply system capable of the minimum FSRS fire flow criteria of 250 gpm for 2 hours.
- Class 9 is a fire suppression system that includes a creditable dispatch center, fire department but no FSRS creditable water supply.
- Class 10 does not meet minimum FSRS criteria for recognition, including areas that are beyond five road miles of a recognized fire station.

## New PPC program changes effective July 1, 2014

We have revised the PPC program to capture the effects of enhanced fire protection capabilities that reduce fire loss and fire severity in Split Class 9 and Split Class 8B areas (as outlined below). This new structure benefits the fire service, community, and property owner.

### New classifications

Through ongoing research and loss experience analysis, we identified additional differentiation in fire loss experience within our PPC program, which resulted in the revised classifications. We based the differing fire loss experience on the fire suppression capabilities of each community. The new PPC classes will improve the predictive value for insurers while benefiting both commercial and residential property owners. Here are the new classifications and what they mean.

### Split classifications

When we develop a split classification for a community — for example 5/9 — the first number is the class that applies to properties within 5 road miles of the responding fire station and 1,000 feet of a creditable water supply, such as a fire hydrant, suction point, or dry hydrant. The second number is the class that applies to properties within 5 road miles of a fire station but beyond 1,000 feet of a creditable water supply. We have revised the classification to reflect more precisely the risk of loss in a community, replacing Class 9 and 8B in the second part of a split classification with revised designations.

### What's changed with the new classifications?

We've published the new classifications as "X" and "Y" — formerly the "9" and "8B" portion of the split classification, respectively. For example:

- A community currently displayed as a split 6/9 classification will now be a split 6/6X classification; with the "6X" denoting what was formerly classified as "9".
- Similarly, a community currently graded as a split 6/8B classification will now be a split 6/6Y classification, the "6Y" denoting what was formerly classified as "8B".
- Communities graded with single "9" or "8B" classifications will remain intact.

Prior Classification	New Classification
1/9	1/1X
2/9	2/2X
3/9	3/3X
4/9	4/4X
5/9	5/5X
6/9	6/6X
7/9	7/7X
8/9	8/8X
9	9

Prior Classification	New Classification
1/8B	1/1Y
2/8B	2/2Y
3/8B	3/3Y
4/8B	4/4Y
5/8B	5/5Y
6/8B	6/6Y
7/8B	7/7Y
8/8B	8/8Y
8B	8B

### **What's changed?**

As you can see, we're still maintaining split classes, but it's how we represent them to insurers that's changed. The new designations reflect a reduction in fire severity and loss and have the potential to reduce property insurance premiums.

### **Benefits of the revised split class designations**

- To the fire service, the revised designations identify enhanced fire suppression capabilities used throughout the fire protection area
- To the community, the new classes reward a community's fire suppression efforts by showing a more reflective designation
- To the individual property owner, the revisions offer the potential for decreased property insurance premiums

### **New water class**

Our data also shows that risks located more than 5 but less than 7 road miles from a responding fire station with a creditable water source within 1,000 feet had better loss experience than those farther than 5 road miles from a responding fire station with no creditable water source. We've introduced a new classification —10W— to recognize the reduced loss potential of such properties.

### **What's changed with Class 10W?**

Class 10W is property-specific. Not all properties in the 5-to-7-mile area around the responding fire station will qualify. The difference between Class 10 and 10W is that the 10W-graded risk or property is within 1,000 feet of a creditable water supply. Creditable water supplies include fire protection systems using hauled water in any of the split classification areas.

### **What's the benefit of Class 10W?**

10W gives credit to risks within 5 to 7 road miles of the responding fire station and within 1,000 feet of a creditable water supply. That's reflective of the potential for reduced property insurance premiums.

### **What does the fire chief have to do?**

Fire chiefs don't have to do anything at all. The revised classifications went in place automatically effective July 1, 2014 (July 1, 2015 for Texas).

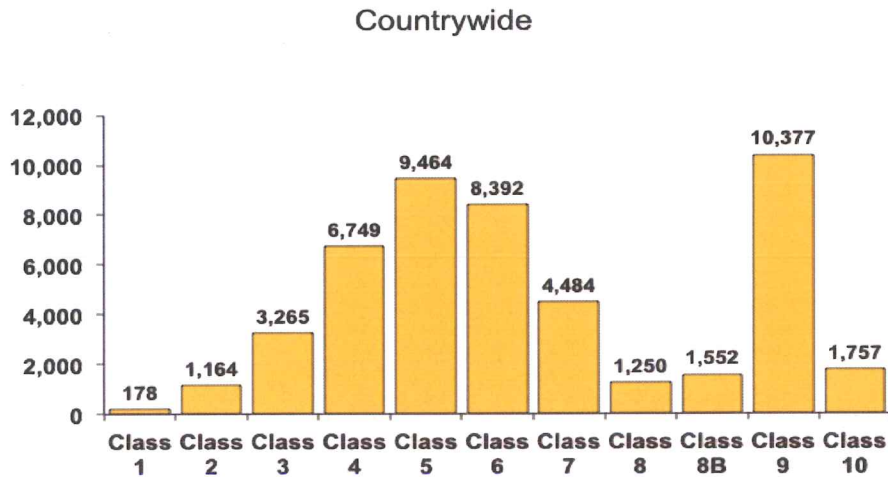
### **What if I have additional questions?**

Feel free to contact ISO at 800.444.4554 or email us at [PPC-Cust-Serv@iso.com](mailto:PPC-Cust-Serv@iso.com).



## Distribution of PPC Grades

The 2016 published countrywide distribution of communities by the PPC grade is as follows:



## Assistance

The PPC program offers help to communities, fire departments, and other public officials as they plan for, budget, and justify improvements. ISO is also available to assist in the understanding of the details of this evaluation.

The PPC program representatives can be reached by telephone at (800) 444-4554. The technical specialists at this telephone number have access to the details of this evaluation and can effectively speak with you about your questions regarding the PPC program. What's more, we can be reached via the internet at [www.isomitigation.com/talk/](http://www.isomitigation.com/talk/).

We also have a website dedicated to our Community Hazard Mitigation Classification programs at [www.isomitigation.com](http://www.isomitigation.com). Here, fire chiefs, building code officials, community leaders and other interested citizens can access a wealth of data describing the criteria used in evaluating how cities and towns are protecting residents from fire and other natural hazards. This website will allow you to learn more about the PPC program. The website provides important background information, insights about the PPC grading processes and technical documents. ISO is also pleased to offer Fire Chiefs Online — a special, secured website with information and features that can help improve your PPC grade, including a list of the Needed Fire Flows for all the commercial occupancies ISO has on file for your community. Visitors to the site can download information, see statistical results and also contact ISO for assistance.

In addition, on-line access to the FSRs and its commentaries is available to registered customers for a fee. However, fire chiefs and community chief administrative officials are given access privileges to this information without charge.

To become a registered fire chief or community chief administrative official, register at [www.isomitigation.com](http://www.isomitigation.com).

## PPC Review

ISO concluded its review of the fire suppression features being provided for Madison FPSA. The resulting community classification is **Class 01/1X**.

If the classification is a single class, the classification applies to properties with a Needed Fire Flow of 3,500 gpm or less in the community. If the classification is a split class (e.g., 6/XX):

- The first class (e.g., “6” in a 6/XX) applies to properties within 5 road miles of a recognized fire station and within 1,000 feet of a fire hydrant or alternate water supply.
- The second class (XX or XY) applies to properties beyond 1,000 feet of a fire hydrant but within 5 road miles of a recognized fire station.
- Alternative Water Supply: The first class (e.g., “6” in a 6/10) applies to properties within 5 road miles of a recognized fire station with no hydrant distance requirement.
- Class 10 applies to properties over 5 road miles of a recognized fire station.
- Class 10W applies to properties within 5 to 7 road miles of a recognized fire station with a recognized water supply within 1,000 feet.
- Specific properties with a Needed Fire Flow in excess of 3,500 gpm are evaluated separately and assigned an individual classification.

FSRS Feature	Earned Credit	Credit Available
<b>Emergency Communications</b>		
414. Credit for Emergency Reporting	3.00	3
422. Credit for Telecommunicators	3.92	4
432. Credit for Dispatch Circuits	2.55	3
<b>440. Credit for Emergency Communications</b>	<b>9.47</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Fire Department</b>		
513. Credit for Engine Companies	4.91	6
523. Credit for Reserve Pumpers	0.48	0.50
532. Credit for Pump Capacity	3.00	3
549. Credit for Ladder Service	1.96	4
553. Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks	0.50	0.50
561. Credit for Deployment Analysis	7.87	10
571. Credit for Company Personnel	12.11	15
581. Credit for Training	9.00	9
730. Credit for Operational Considerations	2.00	2
<b>590. Credit for Fire Department</b>	<b>41.83</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Water Supply</b>		
616. Credit for Supply System	27.53	30
621. Credit for Hydrants	3.00	3
631. Credit for Inspection and Flow Testing	6.98	7
<b>640. Credit for Water Supply</b>	<b>37.51</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Divergence</b>	<b>-2.02</b>	<b>--</b>
<b>1050. Community Risk Reduction</b>	<b>4.69</b>	<b>5.50</b>
<b>Total Credit</b>	<b>91.48</b>	<b>105.50</b>

## **Emergency Communications**

Ten percent of a community's overall score is based on how well the communications center receives and dispatches fire alarms. Our field representative evaluated:

- Communications facilities provided for the general public to report structure fires
- Enhanced 9-1-1 Telephone Service including wireless
- Computer-aided dispatch (CAD) facilities
- Alarm receipt and processing at the communication center
- Training and certification of telecommunicators
- Facilities used to dispatch fire department companies to reported structure fires

	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
414. Credit Emergency Reporting	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3</b>
422. Credit for Telecommunicators	<b>3.92</b>	<b>4</b>
432. Credit for Dispatch Circuits	<b>2.55</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Item 440. Credit for Emergency Communications:</b>	<b>9.47</b>	<b>10</b>

### **Item 414 - Credit for Emergency Reporting (3 points)**

The first item reviewed is Item 414 "Credit for Emergency Reporting (CER)". This item reviews the emergency communication center facilities provided for the public to report fires including 911 systems (Basic or Enhanced), Wireless Phase I and Phase II, Voice over Internet Protocol, Computer Aided Dispatch and Geographic Information Systems for automatic vehicle location. ISO uses National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1221, *Standard for the Installation, Maintenance and Use of Emergency Services Communications Systems* as the reference for this section.

<b>Item 410. Emergency Reporting (CER)</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<p><b>A./B. Basic 9-1-1, Enhanced 9-1-1 or No 9-1-1</b></p> <p>For maximum credit, there should be an Enhanced 9-1-1 system, Basic 9-1-1 and No 9-1-1 will receive partial credit.</p>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>1. E9-1-1 Wireless</b></p> <p>Wireless Phase I using Static ALI (automatic location identification) Functionality (10 points); Wireless Phase II using Dynamic ALI Functionality (15 points); Both available will be 25 points</p>	<b>25.00</b>	<b>25</b>
<p><b>2. E9-1-1 Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP)</b></p> <p>Static VoIP using Static ALI Functionality (10 points); Nomadic VoIP using Dynamic ALI Functionality (15 points); Both available will be 25 points</p>	<b>25.00</b>	<b>25</b>
<p><b>3. Computer Aided Dispatch</b></p> <p>Basic CAD (5 points); CAD with Management Information System (5 points); CAD with Interoperability (5 points)</p>	<b>15.00</b>	<b>15</b>
<p><b>4. Geographic Information System (GIS/AVL)</b></p> <p><u>The PSAP uses</u> a fully integrated CAD/GIS management system with automatic vehicle location (AVL) integrated with a CAD system providing dispatch assignments.</p> <p>The individual fire departments being dispatched <u>do not</u> need GIS/AVL capability to obtain this credit.</p>	<b>15.00</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Review of Emergency Reporting total:</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100</b>

**Item 422- Credit for Telecommunicators (4 points)**

The second item reviewed is Item 422 "Credit for Telecommunicators (TC)". This item reviews the number of Telecommunicators on duty at the center to handle fire calls and other emergencies. All emergency calls including those calls that do not require fire department action are reviewed to determine the proper staffing to answer emergency calls and dispatch the appropriate emergency response. NFPA 1221, *Standard for the Installation, Maintenance and Use of Emergency Services Communications Systems*, recommends that ninety-five percent of emergency calls shall be answered within 15 seconds and ninety-nine percent of emergency calls shall be answered within 40 seconds. In addition, NFPA recommends that ninety percent of emergency alarm processing shall be completed within 60 seconds and ninety-nine percent of alarm processing shall be completed within 90 seconds of answering the call.

To receive full credit for operators on duty, ISO must review documentation to show that the communication center meets NFPA 1221 call answering and dispatch time performance measurement standards. This documentation may be in the form of performance statistics or other performance measurements compiled by the 9-1-1 software or other software programs that are currently in use such as Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) or Management Information System (MIS).

<b>Item 420. Telecommunicators (CTC)</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<p><b>A1. Alarm Receipt (AR)</b></p> <p>Receipt of alarms shall meet the requirements in accordance with the criteria of NFPA 1221</p>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>A2. Alarm Processing (AP)</b></p> <p>Processing of alarms shall meet the requirements in accordance with the criteria of NFPA 1221</p>	<b>17.90</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>B. Emergency Dispatch Protocols (EDP)</b></p> <p>Telecommunicators have emergency dispatch protocols (EDP) containing questions and a decision-support process to facilitate correct call categorization and prioritization.</p>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>C. Telecommunicator Training and Certification (TTC)</b></p> <p>Telecommunicators meet the qualification requirements referenced in NFPA 1061, <i>Standard for Professional Qualifications for Public Safety Telecommunicator</i>, and/or the Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials - International (APCO) <i>Project 33</i>. Telecommunicators are certified in the knowledge, skills, and abilities corresponding to their job functions.</p>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>D. Telecommunicator Continuing Education and Quality Assurance (TQA)</b></p> <p>Telecommunicators participate in continuing education and/or in-service training and quality-assurance programs as appropriate for their positions</p>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>20</b>
<p><b>Review of Telecommunicators total:</b></p>	<b>97.90</b>	<b>100</b>

### **Item 432 - Credit for Dispatch Circuits (3 points)**

The third item reviewed is Item 432 “Credit for Dispatch Circuits (CDC)”. This item reviews the dispatch circuit facilities used to transmit alarms to fire department members. A “Dispatch Circuit” is defined in NFPA 1221 as “A circuit over which an alarm is transmitted from the communications center to an emergency response facility (ERF) or emergency response units (ERUs) to notify ERUs to respond to an emergency”. All fire departments (except single fire station departments with full-time firefighter personnel receiving alarms directly at the fire station) need adequate means of notifying all firefighter personnel of the location of reported structure fires. The dispatch circuit facilities should be in accordance with the general criteria of NFPA 1221. “Alarms” are defined in this Standard as “A signal or message from a person or device indicating the existence of an emergency or other situation that requires action by an emergency response agency”.

There are two different levels of dispatch circuit facilities provided for in the Standard – a primary dispatch circuit and a secondary dispatch circuit. In jurisdictions that receive 730 alarms or more per year (average of two alarms per 24-hour period), two separate and dedicated dispatch circuits, a primary and a secondary, are needed. In jurisdictions receiving fewer than 730 alarms per year, a second dedicated dispatch circuit is not needed. Dispatch circuit facilities installed but not used or tested (in accordance with the NFPA Standard) receive no credit.

The score for Credit for Dispatch Circuits (CDC) is influenced by monitoring for integrity of the primary dispatch circuit. There are up to 0.90 points available for this Item. Monitoring for integrity involves installing automatic systems that will detect faults and failures and send visual and audible indications to appropriate communications center (or dispatch center) personnel. ISO uses NFPA 1221 to guide the evaluation of this item. ISO's evaluation also includes a review of the communication system's emergency power supplies.

**Item 432 “Credit for Dispatch Circuits (CDC)” = 2.55 points**

## **Fire Department**

Fifty percent of a community's overall score is based upon the fire department's structure fire suppression system. ISO's field representative evaluated:

- Engine and ladder/service vehicles including reserve apparatus
- Equipment carried
- Response to reported structure fires
- Deployment analysis of companies
- Available and/or responding firefighters
- Training

	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
513. Credit for Engine Companies	<b>4.91</b>	6
523. Credit for Reserve Pumpers	<b>0.48</b>	0.5
532. Credit for Pumper Capacity	<b>3.00</b>	3
549. Credit for Ladder Service	<b>1.96</b>	4
553. Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks	<b>0.50</b>	0.5
561. Credit for Deployment Analysis	<b>7.87</b>	10
571. Credit for Company Personnel	<b>12.11</b>	15
581. Credit for Training	<b>9.00</b>	9
730. Credit for Operational Considerations	<b>2.00</b>	2
<b>Item 590. Credit for Fire Department:</b>	<b>41.83</b>	<b>50</b>

## **Basic Fire Flow**

The Basic Fire Flow for the community is determined by the review of the Needed Fire Flows for selected buildings in the community. The fifth largest Needed Fire Flow is determined to be the Basic Fire Flow. The Basic Fire Flow has been determined to be 3500 gpm.

### **Item 513 - Credit for Engine Companies (6 points)**

The first item reviewed is Item 513 "Credit for Engine Companies (CEC)". This item reviews the number of engine companies, their pump capacity, hose testing, pump testing and the equipment carried on the in-service pumpers. To be recognized, pumper apparatus must meet the general criteria of NFPA 1901, *Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus* which include a minimum 250 gpm pump, an emergency warning system, a 300 gallon water tank, and hose. At least 1 apparatus must have a permanently mounted pump rated at 750 gpm or more at 150 psi.

The review of the number of needed pumpers considers the response distance to built-upon areas; the Basic Fire Flow; and the method of operation. Multiple alarms, simultaneous incidents, and life safety are not considered.

The greatest value of A, B, or C below is needed in the fire district to suppress fires in structures with a Needed Fire Flow of 3,500 gpm or less: **13 engine companies**

- a) **13 engine companies** to provide fire suppression services to areas to meet NFPA 1710 criteria or within 1½ miles.
- b) **3 engine companies** to support a Basic Fire Flow of 3500 gpm.
- c) **3 engine companies** based upon the fire department's method of operation to provide a minimum two engine response to all first alarm structure fires.

The FSRS recognizes that there are **11 engine companies** in service.

The FSRS also reviews Automatic Aid. Automatic Aid is considered in the review as assistance dispatched automatically by contractual agreement between two communities or fire districts. That differs from mutual aid or assistance arranged case by case. ISO will recognize an Automatic Aid plan under the following conditions:

- It must be prearranged for first alarm response according to a definite plan. It is preferable to have a written agreement, but ISO may recognize demonstrated performance.
- The aid must be dispatched to all reported structure fires on the initial alarm.
- The aid must be provided 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

FSRS Item 512.D "Automatic Aid Engine Companies" responding on first alarm and meeting the needs of the city for basic fire flow and/or distribution of companies are factored based upon the value of the Automatic Aid plan (up to 1.00 can be used as the factor). The Automatic Aid factor is determined by a review of the Automatic Aid provider's communication facilities, how they receive alarms from the graded area, inter-department training between fire departments, and the fire ground communications capability between departments.

For each engine company, the credited Pump Capacity (PC), the Hose Carried (HC), the Equipment Carried (EC) all contribute to the calculation for the percent of credit the FSRS provides to that engine company.

**Item 513 "Credit for Engine Companies (CEC)" = 4.91 points**



#### **Item 523 - Credit for Reserve Pumpers (0.50 points)**

The item is Item 523 "Credit for Reserve Pumpers (CRP)". This item reviews the number and adequacy of the pumpers and their equipment. The number of needed reserve pumpers is 1 for each 8 needed engine companies determined in Item 513, or any fraction thereof.

**Item 523 "Credit for Reserve Pumpers (CRP)" = 0.48 points**

#### **Item 532 – Credit for Pumper Capacity (3 points)**

The next item reviewed is Item 532 "Credit for Pumper Capacity (CPC)". The total pump capacity available should be sufficient for the Basic Fire Flow of 3500 gpm. The maximum needed pump capacity credited is the Basic Fire Flow of the community.

**Item 532 "Credit for Pumper Capacity (CPC)" = 3.00 points**

#### **Item 549 – Credit for Ladder Service (4 points)**

The next item reviewed is Item 549 "Credit for Ladder Service (CLS)". This item reviews the number of response areas within the city with 5 buildings that are 3 or more stories or 35 feet or more in height, or with 5 buildings that have a Needed Fire Flow greater than 3,500 gpm, or any combination of these criteria. The height of all buildings in the city, including those protected by automatic sprinklers, is considered when determining the number of needed ladder companies. Response areas not needing a ladder company should have a service company. Ladders, tools and equipment normally carried on ladder trucks are needed not only for ladder operations but also for forcible entry, ventilation, salvage, overhaul, lighting and utility control.

The number of ladder or service companies, the height of the aerial ladder, aerial ladder testing and the equipment carried on the in-service ladder trucks and service trucks is compared with the number of needed ladder trucks and service trucks and an FSRS equipment list. Ladder trucks must meet the general criteria of NFPA 1901, *Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus* to be recognized.

The number of needed ladder-service trucks is dependent upon the number of buildings 3 stories or 35 feet or more in height, buildings with a Needed Fire Flow greater than 3,500 gpm, and the method of operation.

The FSRS recognizes that there are **8 ladder companies** in service. These companies are needed to provide fire suppression services to areas to meet NFPA 1710 criteria or within 2½ miles and the number of buildings with a Needed Fire Flow over 3,500 gpm or 3 stories or more in height, or the method of operation.

The FSRS recognizes that there are **0 service companies** in service.

**Item 549 "Credit for Ladder Service (CLS)" = 1.96 points**

### **Item 553 – Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks (0.50 points)**

The next item reviewed is Item 553 “Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks (CRLS)”. This item considers the adequacy of ladder and service apparatus when one (or more in larger communities) of these apparatus are out of service. The number of needed reserve ladder and service trucks is 1 for each 8 needed ladder and service companies that were determined to be needed in Item 540, or any fraction thereof.

**Item 553 “Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks (CRLS)” = 0.50 points**

### **Item 561 – Deployment Analysis (10 points)**

Next, Item 561 “Deployment Analysis (DA)” is reviewed. This Item examines the number and adequacy of existing engine and ladder-service companies to cover built-upon areas of the city.

To determine the Credit for Distribution, first the Existing Engine Company (EC) points and the Existing Engine Companies (EE) determined in Item 513 are considered along with Ladder Company Equipment (LCE) points, Service Company Equipment (SCE) points, Engine-Ladder Company Equipment (ELCE) points, and Engine-Service Company Equipment (ESCE) points determined in Item 549.

Secondly, as an alternative to determining the number of needed engine and ladder/service companies through the road-mile analysis, a fire protection area may use the results of a systematic performance evaluation. This type of evaluation analyzes computer-aided dispatch (CAD) history to demonstrate that, with its current deployment of companies, the fire department meets the time constraints for initial arriving engine and initial full alarm assignment in accordance with the general criteria of in NFPA 1710, *Standard for the Organization and Deployment of Fire Suppression Operations, Emergency Medical Operations, and Special Operations to the Public by Career Fire Departments*.

A determination is made of the percentage of built upon area within 1½ miles of a first-due engine company and within 2½ miles of a first-due ladder-service company.

**Item 561 “Credit Deployment Analysis (DA)” = 7.87 points**

### **Item 571 – Credit for Company Personnel (15 points)**

Item 571 “Credit for Company Personnel (CCP)” reviews the average number of existing firefighters and company officers available to respond to reported first alarm structure fires in the city.

The on-duty strength is determined by the yearly average of total firefighters and company officers on-duty considering vacations, sick leave, holidays, “Kelley” days and other absences. When a fire department operates under a minimum staffing policy, this may be used in lieu of determining the yearly average of on-duty company personnel.

Firefighters on apparatus not credited under Items 513 and 549 that regularly respond to reported first alarms to aid engine, ladder, and service companies are included in this item as increasing the total company strength.

Firefighters staffing ambulances or other units serving the general public are credited if they participate in fire-fighting operations, the number depending upon the extent to which they are available and are used for response to first alarms of fire.

On-Call members are credited on the basis of the average number staffing apparatus on first alarms. Off-shift career firefighters and company officers responding on first alarms are considered on the same basis as on-call personnel. For personnel not normally at the fire station, the number of responding firefighters and company officers is divided by 3 to reflect the time needed to assemble at the fire scene and the reduced ability to act as a team due to the various arrival times at the fire location when compared to the personnel on-duty at the fire station during the receipt of an alarm.

The number of Public Safety Officers who are positioned in emergency vehicles within the jurisdiction boundaries may be credited based on availability to respond to first alarm structure fires. In recognition of this increased response capability the number of responding Public Safety Officers is divided by 2.

The average number of firefighters and company officers responding with those companies credited as Automatic Aid under Items 513 and 549 are considered for either on-duty or on-call company personnel as is appropriate. The actual number is calculated as the average number of company personnel responding multiplied by the value of AA Plan determined in Item 512.D.

The maximum creditable response of on-duty and on-call firefighters is 12, including company officers, for each existing engine and ladder company and 6 for each existing service company.

Chief Officers are not creditable except when more than one chief officer responds to alarms; then extra chief officers may be credited as firefighters if they perform company duties.

The FSRS recognizes **92.00 on-duty personnel** and an average of **0.00 on-call personnel** responding on first alarm structure fires.

**Item 571 “Credit for Company Personnel (CCP)” = 12.11 points**

**Item 581 – Credit for Training (9 points)**

<b>Training</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<p><b>A. Facilities, and Use</b> For maximum credit, each firefighter should receive 18 hours per year in structure fire related subjects as outlined in NFPA 1001.</p>	<b>35.00</b>	<b>35</b>
<p><b>B. Company Training</b> For maximum credit, each firefighter should receive 16 hours per month in structure fire related subjects as outlined in NFPA 1001.</p>	<b>25.00</b>	<b>25</b>
<p><b>C. Classes for Officers</b> For maximum credit, each officer should be certified in accordance with the general criteria of NFPA 1021. Additionally, each officer should receive 12 hours of continuing education on or off site.</p>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>12</b>
<p><b>D. New Driver and Operator Training</b> For maximum credit, each new driver and operator should receive 60 hours of driver/operator training per year in accordance with NFPA 1002 and NFPA 1451.</p>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5</b>
<p><b>E. Existing Driver and Operator Training</b> For maximum credit, each existing driver and operator should receive 12 hours of driver/operator training per year in accordance with NFPA 1002 and NFPA 1451.</p>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5</b>
<p><b>F. Training on Hazardous Materials</b> For maximum credit, each firefighter should receive 6 hours of training for incidents involving hazardous materials in accordance with NFPA 472.</p>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1</b>
<p><b>G. Recruit Training</b> For maximum credit, each firefighter should receive 240 hours of structure fire related training in accordance with NFPA 1001 within the first year of employment or tenure.</p>	<b>5.00</b>	<b>5</b>
<p><b>H. Pre-Fire Planning Inspections</b> For maximum credit, pre-fire planning inspections of each commercial, industrial, institutional, and other similar type building (all buildings except 1-4 family dwellings) should be made annually by company members. Records of inspections should include up-to date notes and sketches.</p>	<b>12.00</b>	<b>12</b>

**Item 580 “Credit for Training (CT)” = 9.00 points**

### Item 730 – Operational Considerations (2 points)

Item 730 “Credit for Operational Considerations (COC)” evaluates fire department standard operating procedures and incident management systems for emergency operations involving structure fires.

<b>Operational Considerations</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<b>Standard Operating Procedures</b> The department should have established SOPs for fire department general emergency operations	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Incident Management Systems</b> The department should use an established incident management system (IMS)	<b>50</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Operational Considerations total:</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

Item 730 “Credit for Operational Considerations (COC)” = 2.00 points

### Water Supply

Forty percent of a community's overall score is based on the adequacy of the water supply system. The ISO field representative evaluated:

- the capability of the water distribution system to meet the Needed Fire Flows at selected locations up to 3,500 gpm.
- size, type and installation of fire hydrants.
- inspection and flow testing of fire hydrants.

	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
616. Credit for Supply System	<b>27.53</b>	<b>30</b>
621. Credit for Hydrants	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3</b>
631. Credit for Inspection and Flow Testing	<b>6.98</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Item 640. Credit for Water Supply:</b>	<b>37.51</b>	<b>40</b>

### **Item 616 – Credit for Supply System (30 points)**

The first item reviewed is Item 616 “Credit for Supply System (CSS)”. This item reviews the rate of flow that can be credited at each of the Needed Fire Flow test locations considering the supply works capacity, the main capacity and the hydrant distribution. The lowest flow rate of these items is credited for each representative location. A water system capable of delivering 250 gpm or more for a period of two hours plus consumption at the maximum daily rate at the fire location is considered minimum in the ISO review.

Where there are 2 or more systems or services distributing water at the same location, credit is given on the basis of the joint protection provided by all systems and services available.

The supply works capacity is calculated for each representative Needed Fire Flow test location, considering a variety of water supply sources. These include public water supplies, emergency supplies (usually accessed from neighboring water systems), suction supplies (usually evidenced by dry hydrant installations near a river, lake or other body of water), and supplies developed by a fire department using large diameter hose or vehicles to shuttle water from a source of supply to a fire site. The result is expressed in gallons per minute (gpm).

The normal ability of the distribution system to deliver Needed Fire Flows at the selected building locations is reviewed. The results of a flow test at a representative test location will indicate the ability of the water mains (or fire department in the case of fire department supplies) to carry water to that location.

The hydrant distribution is reviewed within 1,000 feet of representative test locations measured as hose can be laid by apparatus.

For maximum credit, the Needed Fire Flows should be available at each location in the district. Needed Fire Flows of 2,500 gpm or less should be available for 2 hours; and Needed Fire Flows of 3,000 and 3,500 gpm should be obtainable for 3 hours.

**Item 616 “Credit for Supply System (CSS)” = 27.53 points**

**Item 621 – Credit for Hydrants (3 points)**

The second item reviewed is Item 621 “Credit for Hydrants (CH)”. This item reviews the number of fire hydrants of each type compared with the total number of hydrants.

There are a total of 8584 hydrants in the graded area.

<b>620. Hydrants, - Size, Type and Installation</b>	<b>Number of Hydrants</b>
<b>A. With a 6 -inch or larger branch and a pumper outlet with or without 2½ -inch outlets</b>	<b>8531</b>
<b>B. With a 6 -inch or larger branch and no pumper outlet but two or more 2½ -inch outlets, or with a small foot valve, or with a small barrel</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>C./D. With only a 2½ -inch outlet or with less than a 6 -inch branch</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>E./F. Flush Type, Cistern, or Suction Point</b>	<b>0</b>

**Item 621 “Credit for Hydrants (CH)” = 3.00 points**

**Item 630 – Credit for Inspection and Flow Testing (7 points)**

The third item reviewed is Item 630 “Credit for Inspection and Flow Testing (CIT)”. This item reviews the fire hydrant inspection frequency, and the completeness of the inspections. Inspection of hydrants should be in accordance with AWWA M-17, *Installation, Field Testing and Maintenance of Fire Hydrants*.

**Frequency of Inspection (FI):** Average interval between the 3 most recent inspections.

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Points</b>
1 year	30
2 years	20
3 years	10
4 years	5
5 years or more	No Credit

**Note:** The points for inspection frequency are reduced by 10 points if the inspections are incomplete or do not include a flushing program. An additional reduction of 10 points are made if hydrants are not subjected to full system pressure during inspections. If the inspection of cisterns or suction points does not include actual drafting with a pumper, or back-flushing for dry hydrants, 20 points are deducted.

**Total points for Inspections = 4.00 points**

**Frequency of Fire Flow Testing (FF):** Average interval between the 3 most recent inspections.

<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Points</b>
5 years	40
6 years	30
7 years	20
8 years	10
9 years	5
10 years or more	No Credit

**Total points for Fire Flow Testing = 2.98 points**

**Item 631 "Credit for Inspection and Fire Flow Testing (CIT)" = 6.98 points**

**Divergence = -2.02**

The Divergence factor mathematically reduces the score based upon the relative difference between the fire department and water supply scores. The factor is introduced in the final equation.

**Community Risk Reduction**

	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
1025. Credit for Fire Prevention and Code Enforcement (CPCE)	<b>1.93</b>	2.2
1033. Credit for Public Fire Safety Education (CFSE)	<b>1.73</b>	2.2
1044. Credit for Fire Investigation Programs (CIP)	<b>1.03</b>	1.1
<b>Item 1050. Credit for Community Risk Reduction</b>	<b>4.69</b>	<b>5.50</b>



<b>Item 1025 – Credit for Fire Prevention Code Adoption and Enforcement (2.2 points)</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<b>Fire Prevention Code Regulations (PCR)</b> Evaluation of fire prevention code regulations in effect.	10.00	10
<b>Fire Prevention Staffing (PS)</b> Evaluation of staffing for fire prevention activities.	4.54	8
<b>Fire Prevention Certification and Training (PCT)</b> Evaluation of the certification and training of fire prevention code enforcement personnel.	4.50	6
<b>Fire Prevention Programs (PCP)</b> Evaluation of fire prevention programs.	16.00	16
<b>Review of Fire Prevention Code and Enforcement (CPCE) subtotal:</b>	<b>35.04</b>	<b>40</b>

<b>Item 1033 – Credit for Public Fire Safety Education (2.2 points)</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<b>Public Fire Safety Educators Qualifications and Training (FSQT)</b> Evaluation of public fire safety education personnel training and qualification as specified by the authority having jurisdiction.	10.00	10
<b>Public Fire Safety Education Programs (FSP)</b> Evaluation of programs for public fire safety education.	21.50	30
<b>Review of Public Safety Education Programs (CFSE) subtotal:</b>	<b>31.50</b>	<b>40</b>

<b>Item 1044 – Credit for Fire Investigation Programs (1.1 points)</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<b>Fire Investigation Organization and Staffing (IOS)</b> Evaluation of organization and staffing for fire investigations.	8.00	8
<b>Fire Investigator Certification and Training (IQT)</b> Evaluation of fire investigator certification and training.	4.67	6
<b>Use of National Fire Incident Reporting System (IRS)</b> Evaluation of the use of the National Fire Incident Reporting System (NFIRS) for the 3 years before the evaluation.	6.00	6
<b>Review of Fire Investigation Programs (CIP) subtotal:</b>	<b>18.67</b>	<b>20</b>

**Summary of PPC Review**

**for**

**Madison FPSA**

<b>FIRS Item</b>	<b>Earned Credit</b>	<b>Credit Available</b>
<b>Emergency Communications</b>		
414. Credit for Emergency Reporting	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3</b>
422. Credit for Telecommunicators	<b>3.92</b>	<b>4</b>
432. Credit for Dispatch Circuits	<b>2.55</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>440. Credit for Emergency Communications</b>	<b>9.47</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Fire Department</b>		
513. Credit for Engine Companies	<b>4.91</b>	<b>6</b>
523. Credit for Reserve Pumpers	<b>0.48</b>	<b>0.5</b>
532. Credit for Pumper Capacity	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3</b>
549. Credit for Ladder Service	<b>1.96</b>	<b>4</b>
553. Credit for Reserve Ladder and Service Trucks	<b>0.50</b>	<b>0.5</b>
561. Credit for Deployment Analysis	<b>7.87</b>	<b>10</b>
571. Credit for Company Personnel	<b>12.11</b>	<b>15</b>
581. Credit for Training	<b>9.00</b>	<b>9</b>
730. Credit for Operational Considerations	<b>2.00</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>590. Credit for Fire Department</b>	<b>41.83</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Water Supply</b>		
616. Credit for Supply System	<b>27.53</b>	<b>30</b>
621. Credit for Hydrants	<b>3.00</b>	<b>3</b>
631. Credit for Inspection and Flow Testing	<b>6.98</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>640. Credit for Water Supply</b>	<b>37.51</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Divergence</b>	<b>-2.02</b>	<b>--</b>
<b>1050. Community Risk Reduction</b>	<b>4.69</b>	<b>5.50</b>
<b>Total Credit</b>	<b>91.48</b>	<b>105.5</b>

**Final Community Classification = 01/1X**

INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY

City Madison Fpsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM $Q=(2.983(C(d^2)p^{0.5}))$		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
1		Fieldwood Road & Village Park	Madison Water Department, Zone 1	0	0	0	0	750	3500		CNMP
10		Cottage Grove Road & Monona Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	3500	4500	(C)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
10.1		Cottage Grove Road & Monona Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	5500	4500	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
10.2		Cottage Grove Road & Monona Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	5000	4500	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
10.3		Cottage Grove Road & Monona Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	4500	4500	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
10.4		Cottage Grove Road & Monona Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	4000	4500	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
11		Cottage Grove Road & Flora Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	2500		CNMP
11.1		Cottage Grove Road & Flora Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	2500		CNMP
12		Academy Drive & Woodvale Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	750	2000		CNMP
12.1		Academy Drive & Woodvale Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	6000	2000		CNMP
13		East Buckeye Road & Woodvale Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	2000	2000		CNMP
14		Advance Road & Pflaum St	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	3000	6000		CNMP
14.1		Advance Drive & Pflaum Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	6000	6000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
14.2		Advance Road & Pflaum St	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	5000	6000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
14.3		Advance Road & Pflaum St	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	4500	6000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
14.4		Advance Road & Pflaum St	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	0	0	0	4500	6000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP

THE ABOVE LISTED NEEDED FIRE FLOWS ARE FOR PROPERTY INSURANCE PREMIUM CALCULATIONS ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO PREDICT THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF WATER REQUIRED FOR A LARGE SCALE FIRE CONDITION.

THE AVAILABLE FLOWS ONLY INDICATE THE CONDITIONS THAT EXISTED AT THE TIME AND AT THE LOCATION WHERE TESTS WERE WITNESSED.

\*Comm = Commercial; Res = Residential.

\*\*Needed is the rate of flow for a specific duration for a full credit condition. Needed Fire Flows greater than 3,500 gpm are not considered in determining the classification of the city when using the Fire Suppression Rating Schedule.

\*\*\* (A)-Limited by available hydrants to gpm shown. Available facilities limit flow to gpm shown plus consumption for the needed duration of (B)-2 hours, (C)-3 hours or (D)-4 hours.

INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
**HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY**

City Madison Fpsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
15		Agriculture Drive & Dairy Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	4500	0	0	3500	4500	(C)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
16		Progress Road & Tompkins Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	5000	0	0	2250	5000		CNMP
16.1		Progress Road & Tompkins Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	5000	0	0	7000	5000		CNMP
16.2		Progress Road & Tompkins Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	5000	0	0	4500	5000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
16.3		Progress Road & Tompkins Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	5000	0	0	4000	5000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
16.4		Progress Road & Tompkins Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	5000	0	0	4500	5000	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
17		Pflaum Road & Alder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	2200	0	0	3000	2200		CNMP
17.1		Pflaum Road & Alder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 4	0	2200	0	0	5000	2200	(D)-(3208 gpm)	CNMP
18		Lake Point Drive & Bridge Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	1750	0	0	3500	1750		CNMP
19		John Nolen Drive & Rimrock Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	6000	0	0	2500	6000		CNMP
2		East Washington Avenue & Columbus Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	2120	2120	64	48	3000	3700		
2.1		Washington Avenue & Columbus Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	2120	2120	64	48	4000	3700		
2.2		East Washington Avenue & Columbus Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	2120	2120	64	48	4000	3700		
20		Fish Hatchery Road & Spruce St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	3500	3200		CNMP
21		Fish Hatchery Road & W Badger Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	3500	3200		CNMP
21.1		Fish Hatchery Road & W Badger Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	5000	3200		CNMP

THE ABOVE LISTED NEEDED FIRE FLOWS ARE FOR PROPERTY INSURANCE PREMIUM CALCULATIONS ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO PREDICT THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF WATER REQUIRED FOR A LARGE SCALE FIRE CONDITION.  
 THE AVAILABLE FLOWS ONLY INDICATE THE CONDITIONS THAT EXISTED AT THE TIME AND AT THE LOCATION WHERE TESTS WERE WITNESSED.  
 \*Comm = Commercial; Res = Residential.  
 \*\*Needed is the rate of flow for a specific duration for a full credit condition. Needed Fire Flows greater than 3,500 gpm are not considered in determining the classification of the city when using the Fire Suppression Rating Schedule.  
 \*\*\* (A)-Limited by available hydrants to gpm shown. Available facilities limit flow to gpm shown plus consumption for the needed duration of (B)-2 hours, (C)-3 hours or (D)-4 hours.

INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
**HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY**

City Madison Epsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
21.2		Fish Hatchery Road & W Badger Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	4500	3200		CNMP
21.3		Fish Hatchery Road & W Badger Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	4500	3200		CNMP
21.4		Fish Hatchery Road & W Badger Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3200	0	0	4500	3200		CNMP
22		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	3500	2300		CNMP
22.1		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	7000	2300		CNMP
22.2		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	4500	2300		CNMP
22.3		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	4000	2300		CNMP
22.4		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	4000	2300		CNMP
22.5		Stewart Street & Kingsley Way	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2300	0	0	4000	2300		CNMP
23		West Beltline Highway & Coho Str	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2100	0	0	3000	2100		CNMP
23.1		West Beltline Highway & Coho St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2100	0	0	4000	2100		CNMP
24		Verona Road & Britta Parkway	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	2500	0	0	2000	2500		CNMP
24.1		Verona Road & Britta Parkway	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	2500	0	0	4500	2500		CNMP
24.2		Verona Road & Britta Parkway	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	2500	0	0	4000	2500		CNMP
24.3		Verona Road & Britta Parkway	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	2500	0	0	4000	2500		CNMP
25		Muir Field Road & Mckee Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	4300	0	0	3500	4300		CNMP

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 THE AVAILABLE FLOWS ONLY INDICATE THE CONDITIONS THAT EXISTED AT THE TIME AND AT THE LOCATION WHERE TESTS WERE WITNESSED.  
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INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
**HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY**

City Madison Fpsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane),

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS**	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED ***	AVAIL.		
26		Kessel Court & Schroeder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	3600	0	0	3500	3600		CNMP
26.1		Kessel Court & Schroeder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	3600	0	0	4500	3600		CNMP
26.2		Kessel Court & Schroeder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	3600	0	0	4500	3600		CNMP
26.3		Kessel Court & Schroeder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	3600	0	0	4500	3600		CNMP
26.4		Kessel Court & Schroeder Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	3600	0	0	4000	3600		CNMP
27		Big Sky Drive & High Point Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	4800	0	0	4000	4800		CNMP
28		Excelstior Drive & Fourier Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	5400	0	0	3000	5400		CNMP
29		Old Sauk Road & N Gammon Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	5600	0	0	5500	5600		CNMP
3		Mitchell Street & Hoffman St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1160	1160	94	82	3000	3100		
30		South Gammon Road & Colony DR	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	5400	0	0	3000	5400		CNMP
30.1		South Gammon Road & Colony DR	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	5400	0	0	5000	5400		CNMP
31		Grand Canyon Drive & Odana St	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	1030	1030	53	42	3500	1900		
31.1		Grand Canyon Drive & Odana St	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	1030	1030	53	42	5500	1900		
31.2		Grand Canyon Drive & Odana St	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	1030	1030	53	42	4500	1900		
31.3		Grand Canyon Drive & Odana St	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	1030	1030	53	42	4000	1900		
32		Mineral Point Road & S Rosa Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 8	0	3300	0	0	3500	3300		CNMP

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INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
**HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY**

City Madison Fpsa

County Wisconsin(Dane), State WISCONSIN (48)

Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office

Date: May 17, 2016

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
32.1		Mineral Point Road & S Rosa Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3300	0	0	4500	3300		CNMP
33		South Whitney Way & Old Middletown Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3500	0	0	3500	3500		CNMP
33.1		South Whitney Way & Old Middletown Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3500	0	0	5000	3500		CNMP
33.2		South Whitney Way & Old Middletown Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3500	0	0	4000	3500		CNMP
34		Sheboygan Avenue & N Shore Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1050	1050	90	55	3500	1500		
34.1		Sheboygan Avenue & N Shore Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1050	1050	90	55	5000	1500		
35		North Midvale Boulevard & Heather Crest	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3000	0	0	2000	3000		CNMP
35.1		North Midvale Boulevard & Heather Crest	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3000	0	0	6000	3000		CNMP
36		South Midvale Boulevard & Ames St	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	2000	0	0	2500	2000		CNMP
37		Regent Street & Larkin St	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	1000	0	0	1000	1000		CNMP
37.1		Regent Street & Larkin St	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	1000	0	0	4500	1000		CNMP
38		Linden Drive & Walnut St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	7500	0	0	3000	7500		CNMP
38.1		Linden Drive & Walnut St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	7500	0	0	5000	7500		CNMP
38.2		Linden Drive & Walnut St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	7500	0	0	4000	7500		CNMP
39		Ash Street & Chestnut St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	4700	0	0	5000	4700		CNMP
4		Wright Street & Anderson St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1910	1910	94	82	2000	5100		

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INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY

City Madison Fpsa State WISCONSIN (48) Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW-AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
4.1		Wright Street & Anderson St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1910	0	94	82	4500	5100		
40		Waukesha Street & Lafayette St	Madison Water Department, Zone 7	0	0	0	0	5500	2000		CNMP
41		Edgewood College Drive & Monroe Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	3000		CNMP
41.1		Edgewood College Drive & Monroe Dr	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4500	3000		CNMP
42		West Washington Avenue & Regent St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	2500	4500		CNMP
42.1		West Washington Avenue & Regent St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	4500		CNMP
43		West Wilson Street & Bassett St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3000	3000		CNMP
43.1		West Wilson Street & Bassett St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	3000		CNMP
44		State Street & Francis St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	4500		CNMP
44.1		State Street & Francis St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	5000	4500		CNMP
44.2		State Street & Francis St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	4500		CNMP
44.3		State Street & Francis St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	4500		CNMP
44.4		State Street & Francis St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4500	4500		CNMP
45		North Carroll Street & State St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3000	3600		CNMP
45.1		North Carroll Street & State St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	3600		CNMP
46		South Pinckney Street & Wilson St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3000	3200		CNMP

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INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY

City Madison Fpsa      State WISCONSIN (48)      Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office      Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
46.1		South Pinckney Street & Wilson St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	5000	3200		CNMP
46.2		South Pinckney Street & Wilson St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4500	3200		CNMP
47		Williamson Street & S Blount St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	4200		CNMP
48		South Thornton Avenue & Washington Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	5300		CNMP
48.1		South Thornton Avenue & Washington Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	5300		CNMP
49		East Washington Avenue & Ingersoll St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3000	4500		CNMP
49.1		East Washington Avenue & Ingersoll St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	4500		CNMP
49.2		East Washington Avenue & Ingersoll St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	4500		CNMP
5		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	3000	2900		
5.1		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	6000	2900		
5.2		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	4000	2900		
5.3		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	4500	2900		
5.4		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	4500	2900		
5.5		East Washington Avenue & Lien Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1110	0	78	68	6000	2900		
50		East Washington Avenue & N 5th St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	1250	4600		CNMP
50.1		East Washington Avenue & N 5th St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	5000	4600		CNMP

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# HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY

City Madison Epsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW - AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
51		East Johnson Street & Pennsylvania Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	5500	0	0	3000	5500		CNMP
51.1		East Johnson Street & Pennsylvania Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	5500	0	0	4000	5500		CNMP
52		Commercial Avenue & Pennsylvania Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	4600	0	0	2000	4600		CNMP
52.1		Commercial Avenue & Pennsylvania Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	4600	0	0	4500	4600		CNMP
52.2		Commercial Avenue & Pennsylvania Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	4600	0	0	4500	4600		CNMP
53		International Lane & American Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3500	0	0	3000	3500		CNMP
53.1		International Lane & American Lane	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3500	0	0	4500	3500		CNMP
54		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	2000	3800		CNMP
54.1		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	7000	3800		CNMP
54.2		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	5500	3800		CNMP
54.3		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	6000	3800		CNMP
54.4		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	4000	3800		CNMP
54.5		International Lane & Government Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	3800	0	0	5000	3800		CNMP
55		Tennyson Lane & Packers Ave	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	1800	0	0	4500	1800		CNMP
56		North Sherman Avenue & Wheeler Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2000	0	0	4500	2000		CNMP
56.1		North Sherman Avenue & Wheeler Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	2000	0	0	4500	2000		CNMP

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INSURANCE SERVICES OFFICE, INC.  
HYDRANT FLOW DATA SUMMARY

City Madison Fpsa State WISCONSIN (48) Witnessed by: Insurance Services Office Date: May 17, 2016  
 County Wisconsin(Dane)

TEST NO.	TYPE DIST.*	TEST LOCATION	SERVICE	FLOW - GPM		PRESSURE PSI		FLOW -AT 20 PSI		REMARKS***	MODEL TYPE
				INDIVIDUAL HYDRANTS	TOTAL	STATIC	RESID.	NEEDED **	AVAIL.		
57		At School	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	5000	2000		CNMP
58.0		Sunset Dr & Viburnum	Shorewood Hills Water Department, Main	1210	0	92	34	500	1400		
59.0		Mendota & Wood	Shorewood Hills Water Department, Main	1000	0	48	23	1000	1100		
6		East Washington Avenue & Grover St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	2250	5000		CNMP
6.1		East Washington Avenue & Grover St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	1430	0	0	0	4500	5000		CNMP
6.2			Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4500	5000		CNMP
7.0		Commercial Avenue & Walsh RD	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	2500	5500		CNMP
7.1		Commercial Ave & Walsh Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	5000	5500		CNMP
8		Sycamore Avenue & Walsh Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3000	5500		CNMP
8.1		Sycamore Avenue & Walsh Rd	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4500	5500		CNMP
9		Robertson Road & Atlas St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	3500	3500		CNMP
9.1		Robertson Road & Atlas St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	3500		CNMP
9.2		Robertson Road & Atlas St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	3500		CNMP
9.3		Robertson Road & Atlas St	Madison Water Department, Zone 6	0	0	0	0	4000	3500		CNMP

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